UNER Assistance for the Shile! Steel Plant in India

Under an agreement of February 1959, and supplementary agreements on April and May 1956, the USSE is providing economic and technical assistance to India worth \$132 million for the construction of an integrated steel plant at Ebilai in Madbya Pradeab. The plant, which is to have an initial capacity of 1 million steel ingots, was originally expected to be producing pig from by 1956 and steel by 1959. The Soviet credit is to be used for equipment and structual steel as well as for technical aid and is repayable in Indian rupees in 12 years at 2.5 percent interest.

In spite of the fact that construction on the plant is estimated to be about one year behind schedule, the project is considered to be proceeding satisfactorily.

The Indians are also constructing two other steel plants—one at with later are also constructing two other steel plants—one at with later assistance and out of woulder, things of Each will have poully foreign exchange position and the rising conto of construction have caused will imply problems with the projects—all of which are reported to be behind schedule annually ladia has recently been granted more favorable terms on assistance from west General for the Burkels plant and has requested similar favors from the Soviets for the Bhilai plant. A request for additional credits, essenting to \$31 million to cover the cost of materials which the Government had expected to procure locally but is now forced to import, was refused by the Soviets. The expension of the privately gamed late steel, from I million to 2 million ton company for million to 2 million tons company for the steel, plant at Jamehadayr, which is being undertaken by the Us Maiser firm, is

* Soviet, British and Jennan assisted plants

the only steel project which is progressing according to plan. However, the cost of this project is now estimated to be such higher than originally contemplated.

The Soviets are providing extensive training and technical assistance for the Shilai projects. About 700 Indians are to be trained in the USSR in steel technology, while over 4,000 Indians are scheduled to be trained on the job at the plant. In addition the Soviets have sent about 90 engineers and technicians to aid in the construction at Shilai.